- (1) The penalty exception to the TANF work requirement, including the criteria and applicable definitions for determining whether an individual has demonstrated an inability to obtain needed child care:
- (2) The State's process or procedures (including definitions) for determining a family's inability to obtain needed child care, and any other requirements or procedures, such as fair hearings, associated with this provision; and
- (3) The fact that the exception does not extend the time limit for receiving Federal assistance.

[64 FR 17884, Apr. 12, 1999; 64 FR 40291, July 26, 1999]

§ 261.57 What happens if a State sanctions a single parent of a child under six who cannot get needed child care?

- (a) If we determine that a State has not complied with the requirements of §261.56, we will reduce the SFAG payable to the State by no more than five percent for the immediately succeeding fiscal year unless the State demonstrates to our satisfaction that it had reasonable cause or it achieves compliance under a corrective compliance plan pursuant to §§262.5 and 262.6 of this chapter.
- (b) We will impose the maximum penalty if:
- (1) The State does not have a statewide process in place to inform parents about the exception to the work requirement and enable them to demonstrate that they have been unable to obtain child care; or
- (2) There is a pattern of substantiated complaints from parents or organizations verifying that a State has reduced or terminated assistance in violation of this requirement.
- (c) We may impose a reduced penalty if the State demonstrates that the violations were isolated or that they affected a minimal number of families.

Subpart F—How Do Welfare Reform Waivers Affect State Penalties?

§ 261.60 How do existing welfare reform waivers affect a State's penalty liability under this part?

A welfare reform waiver could affect a State's penalty liability under this part, subject to subpart C of part 260 of this chapter and section 415 of the Act.

Subpart G—What Nondisplacement Rules Apply in TANF?

- § 261.70 What safeguards are there to ensure that participants in work activities do not displace other workers?
- (a) An adult taking part in a work activity outlined in §261.30 may not fill a vacant employment position if:
- (1) Another individual is on layoff from the same or any substantially equivalent job; or
- (2) The employer has terminated the employment of any regular employee or caused an involuntary reduction in its work force in order to fill the vacancy with an adult taking part in a work activity.
- (b) A State must establish and maintain a grievance procedure to resolve complaints of alleged violations of the displacement rule in this section.
- (c) This section does not preempt or supersede State or local laws providing greater protection for employees from displacement.

PART 262—ACCOUNTABILITY PROVISIONS—GENERAL

Sec

262.0 What definitions apply to this part?

262.1 What penalties apply to States?

262.2 When do the TANF penalty provisions apply?

262.3 How will we determine if a State is subject to a penalty?

262.4 What happens if we determine that a State is subject to a penalty?